How To Set Up An Automatic Ownership Reversion

March 27, 2004

MICA has the capability to automatically change the ownership interests in a well based upon a user specified trigger point. This paper discusses how to do this.

Step 1 – Set up the economic input data. You must first generate a production forecast and set up the standard economic input data for the well. This would include the Base Data, such as the "Start Date", a price forecast, expenses, severance taxes, ownership interests, and investments.

Set up the before reversion ownership interests on the "Interest" tab of the Economic Input form as shown below:

🚰 Economic Input - KLAPPROTH 1						
Base Data Prices Expenses Severance Tax Interests Discounts Investments Reversion Net Profits Tax						
Interests [8/8] Date 03/2	004	Owner List	NC.	-		
Working Int. [%]	100.0000000		+i p			
Revenue Int Oil [%]	80.0000000	Add	2 Remo	ive		
Revenue Int Gas [%]	80.0000000		Eccelate			
Rev. Int Water [%]	0.0000000		LSCalate			
Rev. Int Other 1 [%]	0.0000000 🖊		arry Forward)		
Rev. Int Other 2 [%]	0.000000					
		🖌 S	et To Default			
H I I I I X X	6		IRR [%]	400.00		
Payout [Yrs] 0.00						
✓ <u>R</u> un Economics	<u>Close</u>	0%	ROI	0.00		

In this example, V-F Petroleum will retain a 100% working interest and an 80% net revenue interest until payout. At payout, the working interest will become 50% with an net revenue interest of 43.75% net revenue interest. We will evaluate the V-F Petroleum's perspective. The other partner, Houston Exploration Company will have a 5% overriding royalty interest until payout. After that point, Houston Exploration Company will participate with a 50% working interest and a 43.75% net revenue interest. V-F Petroleum will pay 100% of the investment to drill the well.

Step 2 – Set up the reversion data. Select the "Reversion" tab on the Economic Input form as shown below:

Sconomic Input - KLAPPROTH 1		_ 🗆 ×
Base Data Prices Expenses Severance Tax	Interests Discounts Investment Reversion Net Profits Tax	
Reversion Point		
 No Reversion 	Reversion Point At Date 12/1899	0
	Rev. Point At Net Cum [\$]	0
Reversion Point From File		
	r ∋ Select	•
Interests After Reversion		
Working Int. [%]	Water Rev. Int. [%]	
Oil Rev. Int. [%]	Other 1 Rev. Int. [%]	
Gas Rev. Int. [%]	Other 2 Rev. Int. [%]	
9 X V A H 4 F H	IRR [%]	10.60
	Payout [Yrs]	7.58
Run Economics	®	2.12

The top part of the form concerns the trigger of the reversion point. You can use three different methods to trigger the ownership reversion. Probably the most common will be the "Rev. Point At Net Cum [\$]". This method simply examines the net cumulative cash flow of the project and when it reaches the specified point, it will change the ownerships.

For example, if we were to set the "Rev. Point At Net Cum [\$]" to zero then when the net cumulative cash flow reached zero, the ownership interests would be changed. The following example cash flow will help to explain the calculation:

Period	Cash Flow	Cum Cash Flow	Comments
1	-30000	-30000	Initial investments cause a large negative
2	2000	-28000	Each cash flow period causes the cumulative value to be a little less negative.
3	3500	-24500	
4	4000	-20500	
5	8500	-12000	
6	5000	-7000	
7	4000	-3000	
8	4000	1000	At this point the cumulative net cash cumulative flow became positive. Since it was greater than our value of zero, the reversion would be triggered at this point.

The above example of entering a zero in the "Rev. Point At Net Cum [\$]" basically triggered the reversion at 100% of payout. If we wanted a reversion at 200% of payout, we would simply enter the value of the investment. This would cause the net cumulative cash flow to pass through zero and then add up to the investment value before triggering the reversion.

Enter the reversion data as shown below. Be sure to select the radio button next to the type of trigger you want to use. For our example, we will use the "Rev. Point At Net Cum [\$]". Enter the "Interests After Reversion" also.

🚰 Economic Input - KLAPPROTH 1			_ 🗆 X
Base Data Prices Expenses Severance Tax	Interests Discounts I Investment	Reversion Net Profits Tax	
Reversion Point			
C No Reversion	Reversion Point At Date	12/1899	0
	Rev. Point At Net Cum [\$]		0
Reversion Point From File			
		🕞 Select	
Interests After Reversion	\sim		
Working Int. [%]	50 Water	Rev. Int. [%]	
Oil Rev. Int. [%]	43.75 Other 1	Rev. Int. [%]	
Gas Rev. Int. [%]	43.75 Other 2	Rev. Int. [%]	
ା ଏ		IRR [%]	10.60
		Payout [Yrs]	7.58
✓ Run Economics		ROI	2.12

After you have entered the data click the check mark on the navigator bar.

Step 3 – Run the economics. After you have all data set up click the "Run Economics" button at the bottom of the Economic Input form. That's all there is to it. If you look at the Interest tab using the grid view you will be able to see the version.

🚰 Economic Input - KLAPPROTH 1					
Base Data Prices	Expenses Severance	e Tax Interests Discour	nts 🗍 Investments 🗎 Reversio	on Net Profits Tax	
Date	Working Int. [%] R	evenue Int Oil [%]	Revenue Int Gas [%] Rev. Int Water [%]	
▶ 05/2011	100.0000000	80.000000	80.000000	0.0000000	
06/2011	100.0000000	80.000000	80.000000	0.0000000	
07/2011	100.000000	80.000000	20.00000	0.000000	
08/2011	100.0000000	80.0000000	80.000000	0.0000000	
09/2011	50.0000000	43.7500000	43.750000	0.000000	
10/2011	50.0000000	13 7500000	3,750000	0.000000	
11/2011	50.0000000	43.7500000	43.750000	0.0000000	
12/2011	50.0000000	43.7500000	43.750000	0.0000000	
01/2012	50.0000000	43.7500000	43.750000	0.0000000 🗸	
\Four \Grid/					
। ब 🖣 🕨 🔺 🛷 💥 😋 IRR [%] 7.98					
Payout [Yrs] 7.58					
✓ Run Economics Ĩ Close I 100% ROI 1.73					

Note: There is one very important point to be aware of. If you change some economic input data that would modify the payout of the well, you should always go back to the Interest tab and Carry Forward each of the ownership interests.

For example, suppose we lowered the product prices. This would cause the payout to occur sometime later than 9/2011 in our original example. If the payout occurred on 5/2015 and we did not go back and carry forward the original ownerships of 100% - 80%, then the change that occurred on 9/2011 would still be there. And when the reversion did proceed on 5/2015, the ownership interests would already be set at that date (and actually back to 9/2011) to 50% - 43.75% from the prior run.

To observe how the economics would appear from the perspective of the other partner in this well, Houston Exploration Company, you would have to set up another well. After entering other pertinent data you should do the following. On the Base Data tab of the Economic Input form, set the "Use Forecast From File" to the other well. Alternatively you could have copied the forecast from the other well into this one.

Seconomic Input - PARTNER'S PERSPECTIVE	
Base Data Prices Expenses Source Tax Interests Discounts Invest	ments Reversion Net Profits Tax
Jose Forecast From File	
KLAPPROTH 1	Cr Select
Start Date 03/2004 End Date 02/2044 Apply Economic Limit Look-back Analysis	Price
	Last Run
	Run Count
I I </td <td>IRR [%] Payout [Yrs] ROI</td>	IRR [%] Payout [Yrs] ROI

On the Interest tab, set up the before reversion ownerships. In this case it was a 5% override and is shown below. Don't forget to carry them forward.

🚰 Economic Input - PARTNER'S PERSPECTIVE					
Base Data Prices Expenses Severance Tax Interests Discounts Investments Reversion Net Profits Tax					
Interests [8/8]		Owner List			
Date 03/2004		HOUSTON EXPLOR	ATION COMPANY		
Working Int. [%]	0.0000000				
Revenue Int Oil [%]	5.0000000		2 : Remove		
Revenue Int Gas [%]	5.0000000		Eccelate		
Rev. Int Water [%]	0.0000000 🕂	тт			
Rev. Int Other 1 [%]	0.0000000 🖊	🔶 Ca	irry Forward		
Rev. Int Other 2 [%]	0.0000000				
		🖌 🗸 Se	t To Default		
\Form \Grid /					
Payout [Yrs]					
✓ <u>R</u> un Economics <u>I</u> <u>C</u> lo	se 🗾	0%	ROI		

After you have set up the ownership interests, set up the Reversion data as needed. Only in this well, you will need to set the trigger point to the same date that the original well reverted. This is done by selecting the "Reversion Point From File" radio button and then clicking the "Select" button and selecting the other well, Klapproth 1. Then enter the after reversion interests on the lower panel

When you click "Run Economics", MICA will calculate the economics with the ownership interests changed on the same date as the other well. This is shown below:

É	🚰 Economic Input - PARTNER'S PERSPECTIVE 📃 🗖 🗵						
Ba	Base Data Prices Expenses Severance Tax Interests Discounts Investments Reversion Net Profits Tax						
	Date	Working Int. [%] Reve	nue Int Oil [%] R	Revenue Int Gas [%]] Rev. Int Water [% 📥		
	06/2011	0.0000000	5.0000000	5.000000	0.0000000		
	07/2011	0.0000000	5.000000	5,000000	0.0000000		
	08/2011	0.0000000	5.0000000	5.000000	0.0000000		
	09/2011	50.0000000	43.7500000	43.750000	0.0000000		
	10/2011	50,0000000	43.750000P	43 7500300	0.0000000		
	11/2011	50.0000000	43.7500000	43.7500000	0.0000000		
	12/2011	50.0000000	43.7500000	43.7500000	0.0000000		
	01/2012	50.0000000	43.7500000	43.7500000	0.0000000		
	02/2012	50.0000000	43.7500000	43.7500000	0.0000000		
Ŀ							
	\Form)\Grid/						
	I IRR [%] 400.00						
_	Payout [Yrs] 0.00						
	✓ <u>R</u> un Eco	nomics <u>I</u> <u>C</u> los	e 🗐 📃	100% F	ROI 0.00		

Step Review:

- Step 1 Set up the economic input data.
- Step 2 Set up the reversion data.
- **Step 3 Run the economics.**